Facts and figures

2019/2020 school year

Ministerio de Ec

Facts and Figures 2019/2020 school year

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Facts and figures. 2019/2020 school year

The figures presented here were obtained under a framework of cooperation with Spain's autonomous communities in matters of statistics, through the Education Sector Conference's Statistics Committee.



MINISTERIO DE EDUCACIÓN Y FORMACIÓN PROFESIONAL Secretaría General Técnica Subdirección General de Estadística y Estudios

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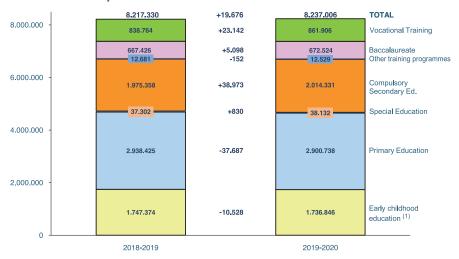
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Calle Madroño, 5, 28970 Humanes de Madrid

Forecast students. 2019-2020 school year

Forecast students in the non-university general education system for the 2019-2020 school year



⁽¹⁾ Students enrolled at schools authorized by the education authorities.

Change in students in the non-university general education system over the previous school year, by education stage/type

	Forecast	Change over previo	us school year
	2019-2020	Absolute	%
TOTAL	8.237.006	19.676	0,2
Early childhood education	1.736.846	-10.528	-0,6
Early childhood education, first stage (1)	471.744	1.283	0,3
Early childhood education, second stage	1.265.102	-11.811	-0,9
Primary education	2.900.738	-37.687	-1,3
Special education	38.132	830	2,2
Compulsory secondary education	2.014.331	38.973	2,0
Baccalaureate	672.524	5.098	0,8
Baccalaureate - classroom attendance required	638.584	6.805	1,1
Baccalaureate - distance education	33.940	-1.707	-4,8
Vocational training	861.906	23.142	2,8
Basic vocational training	74.947	938	1,3
Intermediate vocational training (2)	358.657	7.837	2,2
Advanced vocational training (2)	428.302	14.367	3,5
Other training programmes	12.529	-152	-1,2

⁽¹⁾ Students enrolled at schools authorized by the education authorities.

⁽²⁾ Classroom and distance students are included. Students in distance education have been estimated at 30.437 students on intermediate level and 66.379 on advanced level.

Students

Students in the non-university education system by sex and school ownership/financing. 2018-2019 school year

	Sex ⁽¹⁾			0	Owned/financed by			
	Students	% Male	% Female	% Public	% Gov dep. private inst. (2)	% Indep. private inst. (2)		
General education system	8.217.330	51,7	48,3	67,1	25,5	7,4		
Early childhood education	1.747.374	51,6	48,4	63,0	25,3	11,7		
Early childhood education, first stage (3)	470.461	51,9	48,1	51,0	16,0	33,1		
Early childhood education, second stage	1.276.913	51,5	48,5	67,4	28,8	3,9		
Primary education	2.938.425	51,6	48,4	67,7	28,2	4,0		
Special education	37.302	64,1	35,9	60,4	39,3	0,3		
Compulsory secondary education	1.975.358	51,3	48,7	65,8	30,3	3,9		
Baccalaureate	667.426	46,9	53,1	73,8	10,6	15,6		
Baccalaureate - classroom attendance required	631.779	46,6	53,4	72,6	11,2	16,3		
Baccalaureate - distance education	35.647	51,9	48,1	96,2	0,0	3,8		
Vocational training	838.764	56,0	44,0	71,7	16,0	12,3		
Basic vocational training Intermediate vocational training (classroom	74.009	70,8	29,2	75,6	24,0	0,4		
attendance required)	323.262	57,9	42,1	72,2	21,5	6,3		
Advanced vocational training (classroom attendance required)	353.821	54,6	45,4	72,1	13,3	14,6		
Distance vocational training	87.672	39,9	60,1	65,2	0,0	34,8		
Other training programmes	12.681	67,9	32,1	70,4	29,6	0,0		
Specialised education system	798.620	38,6	61,4	91,1	-	8,9		
Arts and design	31.942	37,4	62,6	86,8	-	13,2		
Intermediate vocational training	3.440	49,7	50,3	91,2	-	8,8		
Advanced vocational training	15.755	37,8	62,2	93,1	-	6,9		
Higher studies	12.747	33,6	66,4	77,8	-	22,2		
Music	326.485	46,0	54,0	85,0	-	15,0		
Elementary education	44.000	43,7	56,3	88,9	-	11,1		
Professional education	47.205	45,7	54,3	91,0	-	9,0		
Higher studies	9.188	58,5	41,5	76,8	-	23,2		
Non-formal studies ⁽⁴⁾	226.092	46,6	53,4	83,4	-	16,6		
Dance	35.011	9,4	90,6	67,4	-	32,6		
Elementary education	5.093	6,4	93,6	75,7	-	24,3		
Vocational education	4.719	11,2	88,8	82,1	-	17,9		
Higher studies	919	17,5	82,5	88,0	-	12,0		
Non-formal studies (4)	24.280	6,4	93,6	62,1	-	37,9		
Drama	2.686	39,0	61,0	84,2	-	15,8		
Master in arts	370	57,9	42,1	66,8	-	33,2		
Official schools of languages	390.930	33,9	66,1	100,0	-	0,0		
Sport studies	11.196	85,9	14,1	43,5	-	56,5		
Formal adult education	230.026	46,3	53,7	98,7	-	1,3		
Non-formal adult education	282.285	32.3	67.7	99.2				

⁽¹⁾ Figures for the 2017-2018 school year.

⁽²⁾ The distribution of private education with and without government financing is estimated on the basis of data for the 2017-2018 school year.

⁽³⁾ Students enrolled at schools authorized by the education authorities. In government dependent private education, this refers to subsidized education.

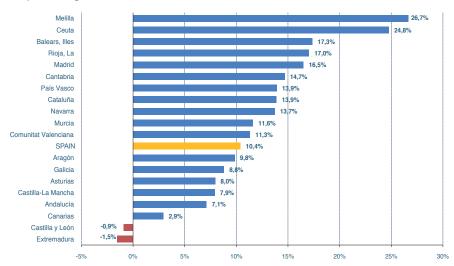
⁽⁴⁾ Education attaining no academic or vocational certificate, provided in schools regulated by the education authorities.

Students by autonomous community

Distribution of students in the non-university general education system by autonomous community. 2018-2019 school year

	Total	1st. cycle early childhood educ.	2nd. cycle early childhood educ.	rilliary	Special education	Compulsory secondary education	Bacca- laureate	Basic and intermediate voc. training	Advanced vocational training	Other training progr.
TOTAL	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
Andalucía	19,4	22,2	19,2	19,4	20,8	20,1	20,3	18,2	16,9	2,8
Aragón	2,7	2,6	2,8	2,7	2,6	2,6	2,5	2,9	2,8	4,7
Asturias, Principado de	1,7	0,9	1,6	1,7	1,2	1,7	1,9	1,8	2,2	0,1
Balears, Illes	2,3	1,8	2,5	2,4	2,2	2,4	2,0	2,3	1,5	1,3
Canarias	4,4	2,2	3,9	4,1	5,4	4,6	5,3	4,6	5,2	3,0
Cantabria	1,2	0,8	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,2	1,4	1,6	2,0
Castilla y León	4,3	2,4	4,2	4,2	3,5	4,3	4,8	4,9	4,7	0,0
Castilla-La Mancha	4,4	3,9	4,4	4,5	3,8	4,4	4,3	5,0	4,0	0,8
Cataluña	16,6	17,0	16,8	16,7	16,2	16,6	14,3	15,8	19,3	57,1
Comunitat Valenciana	10,7	9,8	10,4	10,8	11,9	10,7	9,4	12,5	10,6	4,5
Extremadura	2,2	1,6	2,1	2,2	1,8	2,2	2,4	2,4	2,1	1,2
Galicia	4,9	5,5	4,7	4,7	3,2	4,7	5,3	5,9	6,1	2,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	14,4	19,7	15,3	14,7	14,6	14,2	15,7	10,9	12,3	11,0
Murcia, Región de	3,7	1,8	3,8	3,7	4,5	3,7	3,8	3,6	3,0	4,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	1,4	1,1	1,5	1,5	1,8	1,4	1,4	1,3	1,2	2,3
País Vasco	4,5	5,9	4,6	4,5	4,0	4,3	4,6	4,6	5,3	0,0
Rioja, La	0,7	0,6	0,7	0,7	0,6	0,7	0,6	0,9	0,7	0,2
Ceuta	0,3	0,1	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,4	0,2	1,6
Melilla	0,3	0,2	0,3	0,3	0,3	0,2	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,8

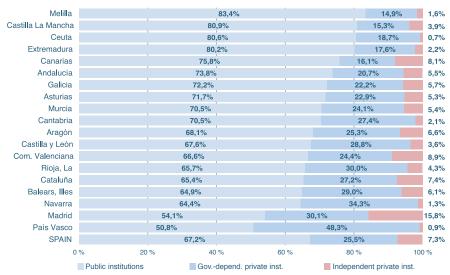
Change in students in the non-university general education system between the 2008-2009 school year and the 2018-2019 school year, by autonomous community (in percentage)



Students

Public and private institutions

Distribution of students in the non-university general education system by school ownership/financing and autonomous community. 2017-2018 school year



Distribution of students in the non-university general education system by school ownership/financing and education type and stage. 2017-2018 school year



⁽¹⁾ In government dependent private education, this refers to subsidized education.

⁽²⁾ Considering both Classroom attendance and distance modalities.

Specific educational support needs

Percentage of students with special educational needs (1). 2017-2018 school year

	Total (2)	Early childhood education	Primary education	Compulsory secondary education	Bacca- laureate	Vocational training	Other training programmes
TOTAL	2,7	1,0	3,2	2,7	0,6	1,5	35,1
Public Institutions	2,9	1,3	3,7	2,8	0,6	1,4	33,7
Government - Dependent private education	2,8	0,8	2,3	2,7	0,7	2,2	38,3
Independent private education	0,5	0,2	0,7	0,9	0,6	0,7	-
Male	3,6	1,4	4,3	3,6	0,9	1,8	32,3
Female	1,8	0,6	2,0	1,7	0,4	1,0	41,0

⁽¹⁾ Percentage of students with special educational needs in relation to the total number of students enrolled in each type of education.

Educational action abroad

Students in educational action abroad (1). 2018-2019 school year

	Total	Regulated studies (2)	Spanish language ⁽³⁾
TOTAL	134.017	85.731	48.286
Schools owned by the Spanish government	8.067	8.067	0
Co-owned schools (3)	1.642	1.642	0
Spanish sections at foreign schools	9.574	9.574	-
Spanish presence at European schools	5.359	1.638	3.721
Spanish language and culture groups and workshops	16.217	-	16.217
Schools under agreements	14.872	14.872	-
Bilingual sections	24.789	10.590	14.199
International Spanish academies (ISA)	53.497	39.348	14.149

⁽¹⁾ See definition of programs and actions of Education Abroad in the section of explanatory notes.

⁽²⁾ The total includes students of specific special education.

⁽²⁾ Studies pursuant to the education system.

⁽³⁾ Spanish language and culture and Spanish as a second language.

Source: S.G. Cooperación Internacional y Promoción Exterior Educativa. Mº de Educación y Formación Profesional.

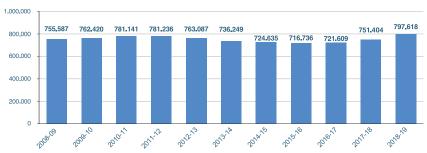
Students

Foreign students

Trends in foreign students. Non-university education system

	2008-09	2013-14	2017-18	2018-19
TOTAL	755.587	736.249	751.404	797.618
General education system	730.118	710.049	718.204	760.947
Early childhood education	126.920	153.776	152.187	159.548
Primary education	308.896	246.735	284.717	309.328
Special education	3.312	4.027	4.184	4.514
Compulsory secondary ed.	216.585	191.777	167.107	175.264
Baccalaureate	33.493	48.716	43.412	42.916
Basic vocational training	-	-	10.804	10.572
Intermediate vocational training	18.557	30.972	29.564	30.070
Advanced vocational training	13.636	17.585	23.433	25.662
Initial vocational qualification programmes (1)	8.719	16.461	-	-
Other training programmes	-	-	2.796	3.073
Specialised education system	25.469	26.200	33.200	36.671

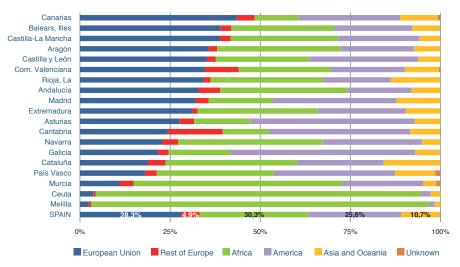
(1) The 2008-09 school year data refer to foreign students of vocational integration programmes.



Percentage of foreign students by autonomous community. Non-university general education system. 2018-2019 school year







Distribution of total and foreign students by school ownership/financing. Non-university general education system. 2017-2018 school year

	% Public institutions		% GovDep. priv	rate institutions	% Indep. private institutions		
	Total students	Foreign students	Total students	Foreign students	Total students	Foreign students	
TOTAL	67,2	78,7	25,5	14,9	7,3	6,4	
Andalucía	73,8	82,1	20,7	8,4	5,5	9,6	
Aragón	68,1	80,5	25,3	17,6	6,6	1,9	
Asturias, Principado de	71,7	80,3	22,9	16,5	5,3	3,2	
Balears, Illes	64,9	73,0	29,0	17,7	6,1	9,3	
Canarias	75,9	83,7	16,1	7,2	8,1	9,1	
Cantabria	70,5	72,1	27,4	26,9	2,1	1,0	
Castilla y León	67,6	80,7	28,8	18,2	3,6	1,0	
Castilla-La Mancha	80,9	90,5	15,3	8,3	3,9	1,3	
Cataluña	65,4	77,5	27,1	15,9	7,5	6,6	
Comunitat Valenciana	66,6	80,0	24,4	10,9	8,9	9,1	
Extremadura	80,2	89,9	17,6	9,4	2,2	0,6	
Galicia	72,2	79,6	22,2	17,7	5,7	2,7	
Madrid, Comunidad de	54,1	73,0	30,1	18,8	15,8	8,1	
Murcia, Región de	70,7	87,5	24,7	10,2	4,5	2,3	
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	64,4	84,6	34,3	15,0	1,3	0,4	
País Vasco	50,8	67,8	48,3	31,7	0,9	0,5	
Rioja, La	65,7	79,4	30,0	19,7	4,3	0,9	
Ceuta	80,6	96,5	18,7	3,5	0,7	0,0	
Melilla	83,4	98,1	14,9	1,9	1,6	0,0	

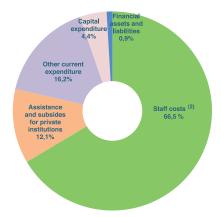
Investment in education

Public expenditure on education (1)

Year	Financial chapters included ⁽²⁾ (€ million)	Financial chapters not included ⁽²⁾ (€ million)
2009	53.895,0	53.374,9
2010	53.099,3	52.557,7
2011	50.631,1	50.343,9
2012	46.476,4	46.215,9
2013	44.958,5	44.475,4
2014	44.789,3	44.461,7
2015	46.597,8	46.262,4
2016	47.581,7	47.192,0
2017 (3)	49.458,0	48.979,6
2018 (4)	50.817,0	50.601,9
2019 (4)	52.215,8	52.079,1

⁽¹⁾ This refers to total expenditure on education (expended budget) by all government authorities and agencies, including universities. Source: Estadística del Gasto Público en Educación. S.G. de Estadística y Estudios - Secretaría General Técnica - M°. de Educación y Formación Profesional.

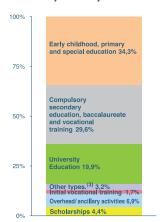
Distribution of public expenditure on education (1) by economic nature. 2017



(1) Financial chapters included.

(2) Imputed social contributions are included.

Distribution of public expenditure on education (1) by activity. 2017



(3) Specialised ed., adult ed. and other types.

⁽²⁾ The financial chapters are chapters 3 (financial expenses of continuing operations), 8 and 9 (financial assets and liabilities of capital operations). See Explanatory Notes.

⁽³⁾ Provisional data.

⁽⁴⁾ Estimated figures for 2018 based on the available liquidated budgets and for 2019 based on initial budgets.

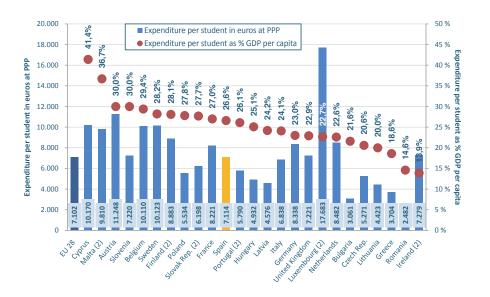
Annual expenditure per student in public institutions of education (absolute values and as % of GDP per capita), by education level. 2016

	In euros at PPA	% GDP per capita
TOTAL (1)	7.114,1	26,6
Childhood education (ISCED 0)	5.778,0	21,6
Primary education (ISCED 1)	5.913,2	22,1
Lower secondary education (ISCED 2)	7.266,1	27,2
Upper secondary and post-secondary non-tertiary education (ISCED 3-4)	7.766,6	29,0
Tertiary education (ISCED 5-8)	9.434,3	35,3

⁽¹⁾ All educational data levels are considered with the exception of early childhood educational development (ISCED 01)

Source: Eurostat.

Annual expenditure per student in public institutions of education (1) and as percentage of GDP per capita. European Union Countries. 2016



Note: Countries for which data are not available are not shown in the chart.

(1) All educational data levels are considered with the exception of early childhood educational development (ISCED 01). (2) Data for the year 2015.

Source: Eurostat.

The social dimension of education: scholarships and student aids

Trends in total budget appropriations (in thousands of euros) for MEFP general scholarships and study aids to non-university and university students (1)

Initial budget					Executed	d budget
	Total	Annual rate change	University and non-university scholarships and student aids	Fee compensation for scholarship students and for students from 3-child families	Total	Annual rate change
2010	1.132.225,6	-	916.950,6	215.275,0	1.162.934,3	-
2011	1.168.225,6	3,2%	952.950,6	215.275,0	1.202.361,3	3,4%
2012	1.138.225,6	-2,6%	952.950,6	185.275,0	1.162.656,5	-3,3%
2013	1.161.024,6	2,0%	952.950,6	208.074,0	1.196.316,3	2,9%
2014	1.411.024,6	21,5%	1.060.360,1	350.664,5	1.446.131,0	20,9%
2015	1.413.524,6	0,2%	1.095.451,0	318.073,6	1.441.125,6	-0,3%
2016	1.416.524,6	0,2%	1.098.451,0	318.073,6	1.441.618,2	0,0%
2017	1.420.326,2	0,3%	1.102.252,6	318.073,6	1.463.649,0	1,5%
2018	1.470.326,2	3,5%	1.152.252,6	318.073,6	1.525.699,4	4,2%
2019 (2)	1.470.326,2	0,0%	1.152.252,6	318.073,6		

Trends in the number of beneficiaries of MEFP general scholarships and student aids for non-university and university students (1)



⁽¹⁾ General and mobility scholarships and student aids are included along with aids for students with special needs and fee compensation for three-child families officially recognized as large families.

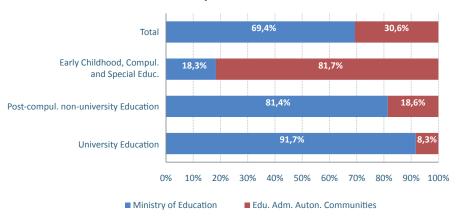
⁽²⁾ Extended budget.

⁽p) Provisional data.

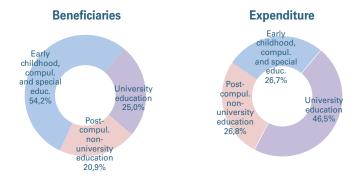
Source: Ministerio de Educación y Formación Profesional.

The social dimension of education: scholarships and student aids

Distribution of expenditure on scholarships and student aids by financing administration ⁽¹⁾. 2017-2018 school year



Distribution of the number of beneficiaries and expenditure on scholarships and student aids ⁽¹⁾, by education level. 2017-2018 school year



(1) All transfers from the Ministry of Education and from the Education Administrations in Autonomous Communities to students and households, whether directly o through educational institutions, payments in kind and price cuts, which have as aim to encourage the initiation or the continuation of education by paying their related expenses or reward an outstanding academic performance. There has to be a previous application; the grant is subjected to the compliance with academic or/and socio-economic requirements.

Source: Estadística de Becas y Ayudas al Estudio. Ministerio de Educación y Formación Profesional.

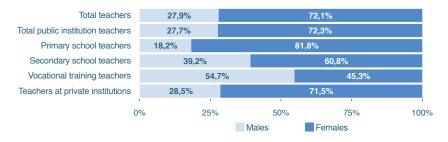
Teachers

Trends in teaching staff (1) in the non-university general education system

	2008-2009	2013-2014	2017-2018	2018-2019 (2)
Total	667.287	669.787	701.385	712.181
Public schools	485.913	476.263	495.876	504.569
Primary school teachers	239.325	240.779	243.466	244.419
Secondary school teachers	179.689	170.024	187.759	194.367
Vocational training teachers	22.682	27.763	27.195	28.213
Other teachers (3)	44.217	37.697	37.456	37.570
Private schools	181.374	193.524	205.509	207.612

^{(1) &}quot;Teachers" include all staff engaged directly in teaching at schools during schools hours.

Distribution of non-university general education system teachers by sex. 2017-2018 school year



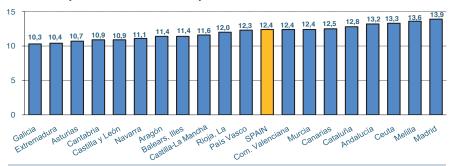
Distribution of non-university general education system teachers by age. 2017-2018 school year

	Total	Under 30	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 and more
Total teachers	100,0	7,1	27,0	31,6	28,7	5,7
Total public institution teachers	100,0	4,7	25,8	32,3	32,2	5,0
Primary school teachers	100,0	5,6	30,4	29,0	30,3	4,7
Secondary school teachers	100,0	2,3	20,4	36,7	35,7	4,9
Vocational training teachers	100,0	1,5	19,5	35,8	37,2	6,0
Teachers at private institutions	100,0	12,8	29,9	29,9	20,2	7,2

⁽²⁾ Preliminary data.

⁽³⁾ This includes other teachers who provide student care in stage 1 early childhood education, religion teachers and other categories not included in the teacher groups listed above.

Ratio of students to teaching staff ⁽¹⁾ by autonomous community. Non-university education system. 2017-2018 school year



(1) Calculated full-time equivalent students and teachers.

Ratio of students to teaching staff (1). EU Countries. 2016-2017 school year

	Primary and Secondary Ed.	Primary Ed.	Lower Secondary Ed.	Upper Secondary Ed.
European Union		14,7	12,2	12,2
OECD		15,2	13,3	13,4
Austria	9,8	11,3	8,6	10,1
Belgium	10,7	12,9	8,9	9,7
Bulgaria	13,3	15,3	12,5	12,4
Croatia	9,9	14,0	8,6	8,6
Cyprus	10,7	12,6	9,7	8,8
Czech Republic	13,9	19,1	12,1	11,1
Denmark				
Estonia	12,9	13,2	10,0	15,8
Finland	13,6	13,7	8,9	18,2
France	14,9	19,6	14,0	11,1
Germany	13,7	15,4	13,2	12,7
Greece	8,9	9,4	7,8	9,3
Hungary	10,9	10,8	10,4	11,5
reland		15,7	X	13,4
taly	11,0	11,7	11,0	10,3
Latvia	10,6	12,1	8,4	10,4
Lithuania	8,3	10,6	7,3	8,0
Luxembourg	9,3	9,0	10,9	8,6
Malta	9,1	13,0	6,5	8,0
Netherlands	16,9	16,7	16,1	18,0
Poland	10,2	10,7	9,5	10,0
Portugal	10,8	12,7	9,8	9,2
Romania	14,8	19,4	12,1	13,7
Slovak Republic	14,1	17,4	12,4	13,6
Slovenia	11,2	14,4	6,0	14,1
Spain	12,3	13,6	11,8	10,7
Sweden	12,9	12,8	12,2	13,7
United Kingdom	16,6	16,9	15,2	17,2

(1) Calculated full-time equivalent students and teachers. **Source**: Eurostat and Education at a Glance 2019 (OECD).

Teachers

Percentage of women in management teams of the non-university educational schools, by type of school and position

	2007-2008			2017-2018			
-	School head	Secretary	Head of studies	School head	Secretary	Head of studies	
Total	54,9	57,6	57,8	65,9	67,0	66,1	
Public schools	49,8	55,6	57,0	64,1	66,0	67,4	
Early childhood education schools	93,2	94,5	95,0	94,0	93,7	93,6	
Primary schools (1)	49,2	59,7	68,0	64,3	72,6	77,1	
Secondary schools	28,9	39,7	42,4	39,2	47,0	53,2	
Private schools	65,1	65,0	60,4	69,2	71,0	62,5	

⁽¹⁾ All public centers that teach E. Primary are considered.

Students in initial teacher training

	Primary school teacher training - Bachelor's degree (1)		Master's degree secondary and vo schools and lang	cational training	Advanced vocational training in early childhood education		
	Enrollment (2)	Graduates (3)	Enrollment (2)	Graduates (3)	Enrollment (2)	Graduates (4)	
TOTAL	117.176	28.351	29.833	21.672	35.089	12.082	
Andalucía	23.895	5.108	3.568	3.218	5.621	2.121	
Aragón	3.538	641	766	510	864	261	
Asturias, Principado de	1.867	324	243	188	654	146	
Balears, Illes	1.536	359	377	238	744	176	
Canarias	3.684	709	680	494	2.324	817	
Cantabria	1.423	266	142	106	460	138	
Castilla y León	7.720	1.888	1.075	869	1.750	346	
Castilla-La Mancha	3.684	703	542	368	1.623	468	
Cataluña	10.146	2.159	1.803	1.334	7.170	2.450	
Comunitat Valenciana	11.670	2.381	3.187	2.677	3.594	1.562	
Extremadura	3.143	664	667	362	871	249	
Galicia	4.888	1.004	902	657	1.819	586	
Madrid, Comunidad de	17.089	5.812	5.011	3.555	4.416	1.484	
Murcia, Región de	4.720	1.515	1.521	989	946	379	
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	1.563	307	169	140	441	141	
País Vasco	6.109	1.242	394	320	1.048	556	
Rioja, La	926	169	181	133	317	82	
Ceuta	х	х	x	-	179	57	
Melilla	x	х	x	-	248	63	
Univ. no presenciales	9.575	3.100	8.605	5.514	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ Source: Estadística de Estudiantes Universitarios. Ministerio de Ciencia, Innovación y Universidades.

⁽²⁾ Preliminary data 2018-2019 school year.

^{(3) 2017-2018} school year.

^{(4) 2016-2017} school year.

Forecast number of schools, classified by type of school. 2019-2020 school year

	Total	Public	Private
Schools in the non-university general education system	28.816	19.184	9.632
Early childhood education schools (1)	9.318	4.543	4.775
Primary schools (2)	10.305	9.819	486
Primary and compulsory sec. schools (2)	2.024	520	1.504
Compulsory sec., baccalaureate and voc. training schools	5.095	4.094	1.001
Primary, comp. sec. and bacc. / voc. training schools (2)	1.574	5	1.569
Special education schools	476	195	281
Distance education schools	24	8	16
Specialised education school system (3)	2.106	1.499	607
Schools of Arts and Schools of Higher Studies in Arts and Design	139	99	40
Music schools	454	293	161
Dance schools	77	36	41
Music and dance schools (4)	967	720	247
Drama schools	18	12	6
Official schools of languages	330	330	0
Sport schools	121	9	112
Adult education schools (3)	1.459	1.424	35

- (1) Schools authorized by the education authorities.
 (2) These schools can also teach early childhood education.
- (3) Data from the 2018-2019 school year.
- (4) Schools whose graduates obtain no academic or vocational certificate, in studies regulated by the education authorities.

Percentage of schools that offer ancillary services, by type of school. 2017-2018 school year

			Schools cantee	en .	School transport			
			Priv	rate		Private		
		Public	Govdepend. private ed.	Independent private ed.	Public	Govdepend. private ed.	Independent private ed.	
•	Total	58,4	84,2	62,5	35,3	15,9	10,4	
ı	Early childhood education schools (1)	64,3	95,0	70,3	1,3	1,3	2,7	
ı	Primary schools (2)	74,2	86,1	63,6	37,2	12,0	38,4	
	Primary and compulsory sec. schools ⁽²⁾	68,2	85,6	74,3	56,3	13,0	44,6	
	Compulsory sec. bacca. and voc. training schools	11,8	18,0	10,1	56,1	8,8	4,5	
	Primary, comp. sec., bacc. and voc.	60,0	91,7	76,0	40,0	27,3	66,1	
,	Special education schools	94,8	85,1	22,2	97,9	78,8	22,2	

- (1) Schools authorized by the education authorities.
 (2) These schools can also teach early childhood education.

Levels of education

Early childhood education

Trends in early childhood education

	2008-2009	2013-2014	2018-2019
Number of pupils	1.763.019	1.884.342	1.747.374
First stage (0-3 years)	361.835	443.868	470.461
Second stage (3-6 years)	1.401.184	1.440.474	1.276.913
Number of schools	19.581	23.570	22.657
Public	13.224	14.935	14.680
Private	6.357	8.635	7.977

Early childhood education pupils by stage and autonomous community. 2018-2019 school year

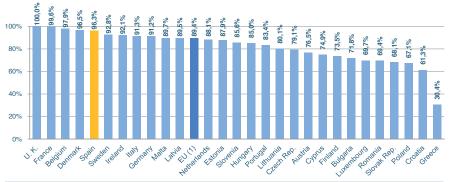
Total	First stage	Second stage
1.747.374	470.461	1.276.913
349.234	104.636	244.598
47.372	12.178	35.194
24.338	4.129	20.209
40.670	8.591	32.079
59.681	10.163	49.518
17.542	3.676	13.866
64.705	11.138	53.567
74.642	18.222	56.420
294.588	79.982	214.606
178.915	45.870	133.045
34.563	7.715	26.848
85.477	25.953	59.524
287.810	92.481	195.329
57.332	8.254	49.078
24.241	5.152	19.089
85.958	27.846	58.112
11.625	3.034	8.591
3.794	456	3.338
4.887	985	3.902
	1.747.374 349.234 47.372 24.338 40.670 59.681 17.542 64.705 74.642 294.588 178.915 34.563 85.477 287.810 57.332 24.241 85.958 11.625 3.794	1.747.374 470.461 349.234 104.636 47.372 12.178 24.338 4.129 40.670 8.591 59.681 10.163 17.542 3.676 64.705 11.138 74.642 18.222 294.588 79.982 178.915 45.870 34.563 7.715 85.477 25.953 287.810 92.481 57.332 8.254 24.241 5.152 85.958 27.846 11.625 3.034 3.794 456

Trends in early childhood education enrolment rates (1) (Children up to age 3)

	2008-2009	2013-2014	2017-2018
Less than one year	6,7	10,0	12,3
Age 1	24,5	34,1	40,2
Age 2	41,5	52,1	60,0
Age 3	96,3	95,9	96,5

⁽¹⁾ Special education pupils are included.

Net enrolment rate at age 3. European Union countries. 2016-2017 school year



(1) Own elaboration based on Eurostat's 3-year student and population data. **Source**: Eurostat.

Compulsory education

Basic education students by autonomous community. 2018-2019 school year

	Primary education	Compulsory secondary ed.
TOTAL	2.938.425	1.975.358
Andalucía	571.062	397.608
Aragón	78.758	50.626
Asturias, Principado de	49.039	33.107
Balears, Illes	71.736	46.503
Canarias	119.615	89.996
Cantabria	33.467	22.401
Castilla y León	123.654	84.575
Castilla-La Mancha	131.299	87.649
Cataluña	489.861	327.096
Comunitat Valenciana	317.276	212.285
Extremadura	63.282	43.389
Galicia	137.438	92.553
Madrid, Comunidad de	432.889	280.313
Murcia, Región de	109.937	72.286
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	42.916	27.606
País Vasco	130.932	85.161
Rioja, La	19.734	12.857
Ceuta	7.570	4.711
Melilla	7.960	4.636

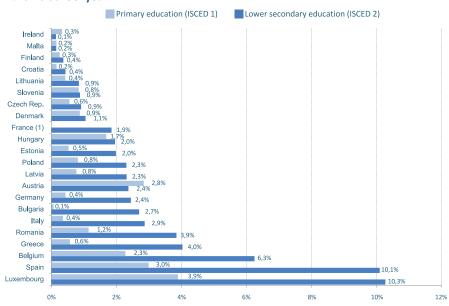
Levels of education

Percentage of repeaters (1) by sex, school ownership/financing and grade

			_					
				2017-2018				
	2007-2008	2012-2013	Total	Males	Females	Public institutions	Govdepend. private inst.	Independent private inst.
1st primary education	-	-	2,8	3,2	2,3	3,3	1,7	1,4
2nd primary education	4,5	4,7	2,9	3,2	2,5	3,4	1,9	1,4
3rd primary education	-	-	2,3	2,6	2,0	2,6	1,7	1,2
4th primary education	4,4	4,0	2,4	2,7	2,0	2,6	1,8	1,3
5th primary education	-	-	2,0	2,2	1,7	2,1	1,8	1,2
6th primary education	6,0	4,5	2,6	3,0	2,2	2,8	2,3	1,4
Sum of primary grades	14,9	13,2	15,0	17,0	12,8	17,0	11,2	7,9
1st compulsory secondary educ.	16,3	13,0	9,8	11,8	7,6	12,0	5,9	1,5
2nd compulsory secondary educ.	15,3	11,7	9,2	10,7	7,6	10,9	6,5	1,8
3rd compulsory secondary educ.	14,6	12,0	10,5	12,1	9,0	12,6	7,2	2,0
4th compulsory secondary educ.	11,9	10,0	8,6	10,2	7,0	10,3	5,9	2,1
Sum of comp. second. grades	58,1	46,7	38,1	44,7	31,1	45,8	25,5	7,4

⁽¹⁾ Percentage ratio between repeaters and total enrolment in this grade in the previous school year.

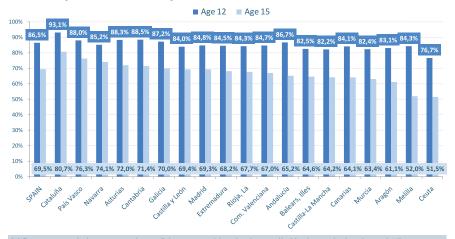
Percentage of repeaters in primary and lower secondary education. EU countries ⁽¹⁾. 2015-16 school year



⁽¹⁾ Data not available for Cyprus, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovak Republic, Sweden and United Kingdom, and for France in ISCED1.

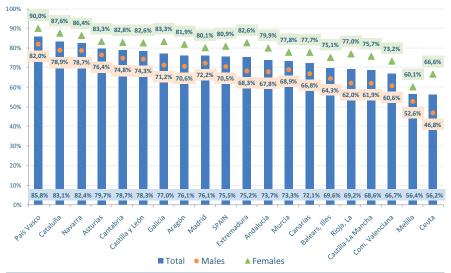
Source: UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) - UOE Questionnaire

Enrolment suitability rate with theoretical age ⁽¹⁾ at 12 and 15, by autonomous community. 2017-2018 school year



(1) Percentage ratio between students of the age considered to be enrolled in the grade that theoretically corresponds to that age or higher and the total enrolment of that age.

Compulsory secondary gross graduation rate ⁽¹⁾ by sex and autonomous community. 2016-2017 school year



(1) Percentage ratio between the compulsory secondary fourth grade students who achieve the diploma of Graduado en ESO and the population aged 15 on January 1st, 2017.

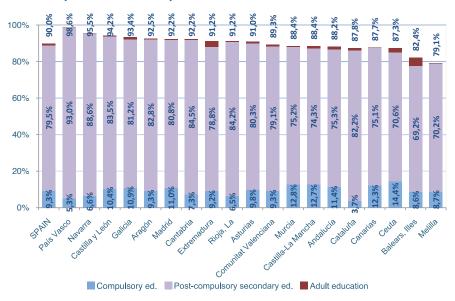
Levels of education

Transition after compulsory school

Net enrolment rates for ages 16 to 18 by sex

	Total		Ma	iles	Females		
	2017-2018	2012-2013	2017-2018	2012-2013	2017-2018	2012-2013	
Age 16	95,6	95,1	94,7	94,3	96,5	95,9	
Compulsory education	27,4	32,1	29,9	34,4	24,7	29,6	
Post-compulsory secondary ed.	67,5	62,7	63,9	59,5	71,2	66,1	
Adult education	0,7	0,3	0,8	0,4	0,5	0,2	
Age 17	90,0	90,0	88,2	88,8	91,9	91,4	
Compulsory education	9,3	12,6	10,2	13,4	8,4	11,7	
Post-compulsory secondary ed.	79,5	76,2	76,7	73,9	82,5	78,7	
Tertiary education	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,0	
Adult education	1,1	1,3	1,2	1,5	0,9	1,0	
Age 18	79,7	79,5	77,4	77,7	82,1	81,3	
Compulsory education	1,3	1,2	1,4	1,4	1,2	1,1	
Post-compulsory secondary ed.	34,7	39,0	38,1	41,8	31,1	36,2	
Tertiary education	39,7	34,0	33,4	28,7	46,4	39,8	
Adult education	4,0	5,1	4,5	5,9	3,4	4,3	

Net enrolment rate at age 17 by education stage/type and autonomous community. 2017-2018 school year

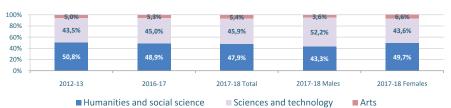


Baccalaureate

Baccalaureate students by autonomous community. 2018-2019 school year

	Total	Baccalaureate	Baccalaureate studies requiring classroom attendance				
	Total	Total	Regular ed.	Adults/evening	distance ed.		
TOTAL	667.426	631.779	610.586	21.193	35.647		
Andalucía	135.437	123.310	118.288	5.022	12.127		
Aragón	17.009	16.296	15.860	436	713		
Asturias, Principado de	12.451	11.941	11.270	671	510		
Balears, Illes	13.361	12.578	12.434	144	783		
Canarias	35.079	30.029	30.029	0	5.050		
Cantabria	7.741	7.245	7.073	172	496		
Castilla y León	32.305	30.375	29.233	1.142	1.930		
Castilla-La Mancha	28.696	27.720	26.825	895	976		
Cataluña	95.730	94.085	93.010	1.075	1.645		
Comunitat Valenciana	62.573	61.803	59.471	2.332	770		
Extremadura	15.929	15.462	14.626	836	467		
Galicia	35.056	31.974	30.479	1.495	3.082		
Madrid, Comunidad de	104.589	100.084	95.285	4.799	4.505		
Murcia, Región de	25.034	23.607	22.673	934	1.427		
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	9.308	9.070	8.761	309	238		
País Vasco	30.425	29.932	29.375	557	493		
Rioja, La	3.722	3.560	3.478	82	162		
Ceuta	1.434	1.279	1.138	141	155		
Melilla	1.547	1.429	1.278	151	118		

Distribution of baccalaureate students by modality (trends and situation by sex)



Percentage of baccalaureate students passing grade. 2016-2017 school year

	TOTAL	Public	Private	Males	Females
First grade	82,7	79,1	92,7	79,3	85,7
Second grade	81,9	78,4	91,3	79,0	84,4

Baccalaureate assessment for University access. 2018

-	Enrolled	Pass	% pass/enrolled		
	Ellioned	Fd55	Total	Males	Females
June	218.811	202.443	92,5	92,9	92,2
September	41.776	30.302	72,5	73,6	71,7
Univ. access exam over age 25	24.405	8.807	36,1	36,4	35,7
Univ. access exam over age 45	5.522	2.349	42,5	41,4	43,6

Source: Estadística de la Evaluación del Bachillerato para el acceso a la Universidad. Ministerio de Ciencia, Innovación y Universidades.

Levels of education

Vocational training

Trends in student enrolment in vocational training

	2008-2009	2013-2014	2018-2019
TOTAL	486.893	698.694	838.764
Basic vocational training	-	-	74.009
Intermediate vocational training (classroom attendance required)	249.506	330.749	323.262
Distance intermediate vocational training	4.010	19.501	27.558
Advanced vocational training (classroom attendance required)	223.098	315.409	353.821
Distance advanced vocational training	10.279	33.035	60.114

Vocational training students by autonomous community. 2018-2019 school year

	Total	Basic voc.	Intermediate voc. training		Advar	
		training	Classroom	Distance	Classroom	Distance
TOTAL	838.764	74.009	323.262	27.558	353.821	60.114
Andalucía	147.036	13.055	63.052	1.169	62.380	7.380
Aragón	23.927	2.616	8.778	1.040	9.504	1.989
Asturias, Principado de	16.818	842	5.478	1.426	7.287	1.785
Balears, Illes	16.173	2.013	7.223	741	5.192	1.004
Canarias	40.978	3.635	12.441	3.494	15.142	6.266
Cantabria	12.706	867	4.345	940	4.588	1.966
Castilla y León	40.322	4.406	15.032	1.558	17.005	2.321
Castilla-La Mancha	38.073	4.846	14.184	2.334	13.289	3.420
Cataluña	147.259	0	60.450	6.804	61.558	18.447
Comunitat Valenciana	97.144	11.533	41.552	0	43.375	684
Extremadura	18.809	2.275	7.298	532	7.427	1.277
Galicia	50.376	4.808	18.227	2.204	21.864	3.273
Madrid, Comunidad de	97.507	11.235	32.639	2.577	44.945	6.111
Murcia, Región de	28.097	4.094	9.915	1.491	10.950	1.647
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	10.452	1.144	4.060	266	4.069	913
País Vasco	41.765	4.609	14.543	512	21.439	662
Rioja, La	6.723	1.047	2.524	170	2.279	703
Ceuta	2.612	496	874	300	798	144
Melilla	1.987	488	647	0	730	122

Students enrolled in vocational training ⁽¹⁾ by vocational family, sex and form of admission. 2017-2018 school year

	Basic voc. training			In	Intermediate			Advanced		
	Total	% Females	% Ad- missions testing	Total	% Females	% Ad- missions testing	Total	% Females	% Ad- missions testing	
TOTAL	72.180	29,2	75,8	344.266	43,3	72,9	398.908	47,4	71,9	
Physical and athletic activities	-	-	-	11.012	20,0	58,8	22.996	20,3	57,2	
Administration	12.950	50,4	67,8	49.413	59,6	69,4	58.555	63,2	78,2	
Agricultural activities	4.216	18,7	87,0	7.084	14,7	81,7	6.896	19,4	79,6	
Graphic arts	538	42,2	81,2	3.449	35,8	74,1	2.228	46,3	76,8	
Crafts	-	-	-	-	-	-	110	45,5	100,0	
Sales and marketing	4.309	53,7	72,5	15.626	51,7	67,3	25.626	48,4	71,0	
Building and civil engineering works	640	6,9	76,1	718	21,3	91,4	3.924	30,7	93,4	
Electricity and electronics	9.884	3,5	75,2	25.551	3,0	76,5	23.650	4,8	80,8	
Energy and water	-	-	-	40	7,5	100,0	2.010	8,5	88,3	
Mechanical manufacturing	4.808	2,2	68,3	11.620	3,3	75,2	9.807	9,4	72,2	
Hospitality and tourism	6.676	38,9	81,4	18.974	37,8	83,4	22.173	56,0	82,6	
Personal image	6.123	83,1	76,6	18.212	89,7	72,4	7.865	94,1	78,0	
Communication, audiovisual media	-	-	-	3.282	22,6	59,9	16.559	32,3	58,4	
Food industries	398	39,7	93,7	4.515	54,2	88,6	2.321	46,1	91,9	
Extractive industries	-	-	-	186	4,8	69,4	-	-	-	
Computer science	11.567	17,7	78,7	32.572	7,8	78,8	47.456	11,4	75,0	
Maintenance and production services	465	5,4	62,4	11.155	2,1	84,0	12.601	13,2	85,2	
Wood and forniture	1.694	10,4	85,4	2.253	9,0	89,5	895	20,9	100,0	
Marine and fishing activities	33	0,0	100,0	1.602	6,6	92,9	1.858	9,4	95,0	
Chemistry	-	-	-	3.093	55,0	93,7	7.138	50,4	95,3	
Health	-	-	-	72.908	73,2	60,7	51.282	75,0	49,0	
Safety and environment	-	-	-	614	7,0	82,7	1.050	34,4	90,3	
Social, cultural and community services	260	72,7	26,5	21.820	85,8	85,1	58.810	87,1	72,4	
Textiles, garment making and leather/fur	506	60,3	87,9	1.418	81,9	84,1	1.621	85,0	81,6	
Automobile maintenance	7.050	2,1	79,0	27.057	2,8	78,2	11.421	3,2	77,3	
Glass and ceramics	63	39,7	100,0	77	79,2	100,0	56	30,4	100,0	
Non distributed	-	-	-	15	0,0	100,0	-	-	-	

⁽¹⁾ Classroom and distance studies are included.

Upper secondary education (ISCED 3): graduation rates and percentage of vocational training graduates ⁽¹⁾. European Union countries. 2016-2017 school year



⁽¹⁾ Countries with no information available are not included.

Source: Education at a Glance 2019 - OECD

⁽²⁾ Average of the 23 EU countries in the OECD.

Levels of education

Lifelong learning

Participation in educational activities, by age group and sex. 2018 (1)

	% Participants	% Parts. in formal ed. ⁽²⁾	% Parts. in non. formal ed. (2)
Youth population (age 16 to 24)	70,4	65,8	9,6
Males	67,8	63,3	8,9
Females	73,1	68,5	10,3
Adult population (age 25 to 64)	10,5	3,6	7,1
Males	9,5	3,3	6,4
Females	11,5	4,0	7,8
Age			
25 to 34	19,5	10,5	9,7
35 to 44	11,0	3,1	8,1
45 to 54	8,2	1,7	6,7
55 to 64	4,7	0,6	4,1

⁽¹⁾ People in the stated age groups are counted if when interviewed they claimed to have engaged in some kind of formal or non formal educational activity, inside or outside the education system, in the four weeks prior to the survey.

Students Enrolled in Adult education (1). 2018-2019 school year

	Total	% Public school	% Females (2)
TOTAL	512.311	98,9	53,7
Formal education	230.026	98,7	54,5
Initial studies	76.819	99,3	64,1
Secondary education for adults	105.746	98,2	48,1
Preparation for compulsory secondary ed. diploma test	14.952	100,0	52,9
Preparation for baccalaureate diploma test	253	100,0	49,7
Preparation for vocational training diplomas test	117	100,0	73,6
Preparation for university admissions test for adults	12.885	99,1	56,0
Preparation for vocational training admissions test	19.254	97,4	53,3
Non-formal education	282.285	99,2	53,1
Spanish languages for immigrants	62.004	98,1	56,9
Other non-formal studies	220.281	99,5	51,9

⁽¹⁾ Specific adult education conducted within the education system is included, regardless of student age. Enrolment refers to one school year.

⁽²⁾ People participating in formal and non-formal education at the same time are counted under both headings. **Source**: Encuesta de Población Activa. INE.

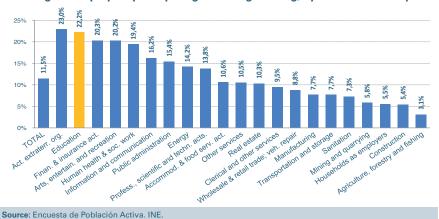
^{(2) 2017-2018} school year.

Lifelong Learning (Percentage of population aged 25 to 64 that participates in education and training). **European Union countries. 2018**

		S	ex		Ed. Level	
	Total	Males	Females	Lower sec. ed. and below	Upper secondary education	Tertiary education
EU (28 countries)	11,1	10,1	12,1	4,3	8,8	19,0
Austria	15,1	13,7	16,5	5,6	11,2	25,7
Belgium	8,5	8,1	9,0	3,2	6,1	13,7
Bulgaria	2,5	2,4	2,6	0,7	2,1	4,3
Croatia	2,9	2,4	3,4	0,5	2,1	6,1
Cyprus	6,7	6,8	6,6	1,5	4,3	10,9
Czech Republic	8,5	8,3	8,7	2,4	6,4	16,1
Denmark	23,5	19,2	27,8	14,9	21,3	29,6
Estonia	19,7	16,2	23,2	7,4	14,7	28,8
Finland	28,5	24,7	32,4	15,6	23,8	36,4
France	18,6	15,9	21,0	7,1	14,8	29,3
Germany	8,2	8,5	8,0	4,3	7,0	12,4
Greece	4,5	4,5	4,5	0,8	4,6	7,5
Hungary	6,0	5,6	6,4	2,9	4,7	11,1
Ireland	12,5	10,3	14,6	4,4	9,3	18,1
Italy	8,1	7,6	8,6	2,0	8,8	18,7
Latvia	6,7	4,8	8,4	2,5	4,6	11,3
Lithuania	6,6	4,9	8,3	2,4	3,3	11,4
Luxembourg	18,0	17,6	18,4	7,3	13,5	26,3
Malta	10,8	9,3	12,4	4,1	10,8	22,6
Netherlands	19,1	18,3	20,0	9,9	18,5	25,5
Poland	5,7	5,1	6,3	1,0	2,8	12,6
Portugal	10,3	9,8	10,8	4,7	11,2	20,7
Romania	0,9	1,0	0,9		0,9	2,2
Slovak Republic	4,0	4,2	3,8	0,9	3,0	7,8
Slovenia	11,4	9,4	13,5	2,8	8,5	19,5
Spain	10,5	9,5	11,5	3,7	10,8	17,6
Sweden	29,2	22,4	36,1	20,7	24,0	37,0
United Kingdom	14,6	12,9	16,2	5,8	12,3	20,6

⁽¹⁾ The methodology used in calculating this indicator has been modified by Eurostat, considering that the "students on holiday" are involved in education.
Source: Labour Force Survey, Eurostat.

Percentage of employees participating in lifelong learning, by economic activity. 2018



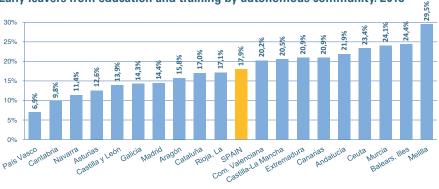
School leaving after compulsory education

Early leavers from education and training: Percentage of the population aged 18 to 24 having attained at most lower secondary education and not being involved in further education or training

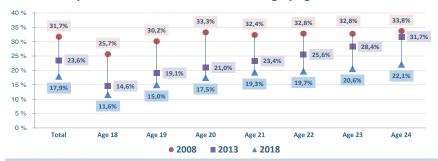
Trends in early leavers from education and training by sex



Early leavers from education and training by autonomous community. 2018

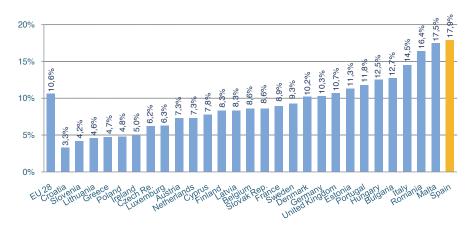


Trends in early leavers from education and training by age

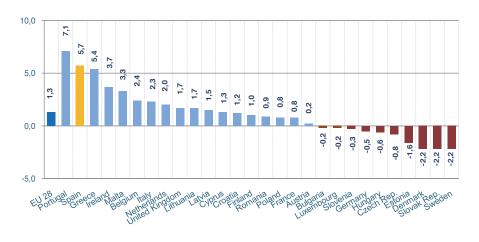


Source: Encuesta de Población Activa. INE. Eurostat methodology.

Early leavers from education and training by European Union country. 2018



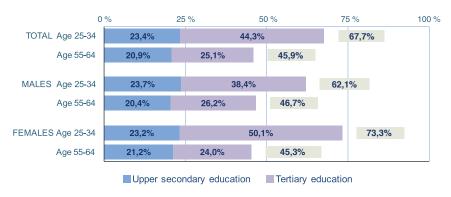
Decrease of early leavers from education and training from 2013 to 2018. European Union countries



Source: Labour Force Survey. Eurostat.

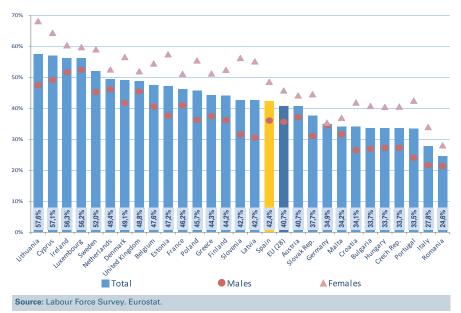
Population with post-compulsory educational attainment

Percentage of the population aged 25-34 and 55-64 with upper secondary or tertiary educational attainment. 2018



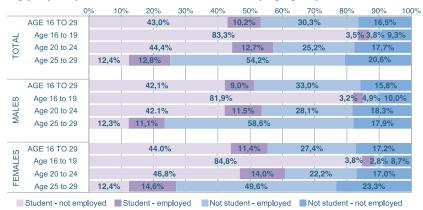
Source: Encuesta de Población Activa. INE.

Percentage of the population aged 30-34 with tertiary educational attainment. European Union countries. 2018



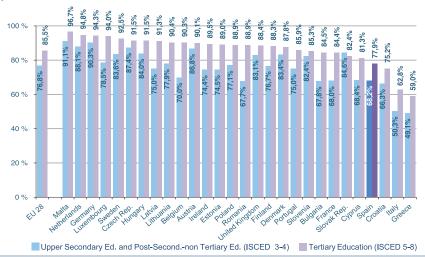
The relationship between education and employment

Young people by educational and labour status, by age group and sex (1). 2018



⁽¹⁾ A person is considered a student if he or she has engaged in some kind of education (formal or non-formal) in the last four weeks. A Person is considered employed if during the reference week was employed by others, wage-earners, or performed freelance work pursuant, freelance workers Source: Encuesta de Población Activa. INE.

Employment rates of population aged 20-34 and graduated in the last 3 years ⁽¹⁾, by educational attainment level. EU countries. 2018



⁽¹⁾ Percentage of graduates at upper secondary education, post-compulsory secondary education or tertiary education (CINE 3-8) between 20 and 34 years old, not involved in further education, graduated between 1 and 3 years before, and employed.

Source: Labour Force Survey, Eurostat.

Activity and unemployment rates of the population aged 25 to 34, by educational attainment

		Activity rates		Unemployment rates			
	2008	2013	2018	2008	2013	2018	
TOTAL	87,8	89,1	86,5	11,7	29,1	17,6	
Primary and lower education	75,7	76,8	71,3	23,0	49,4	33,3	
Lower secondary education	86,4	89,4	87,2	15,6	36,8	23,0	
Upper secondary education	87,8	88,3	84,4	10,9	29,2	18,0	
Tertiary education	91,2	91,7	89,5	7,9	20,8	12,4	

Source: Encuesta de Población Activa. INE.

Distribution of employed population, by occupation and educational attainment. 2018

	Total	Lower secondary education	Upper secondary education	Tertiary education
TOTAL	100,0	100,0	100,0	100,0
Business and government administration	4,1	2,2	3,6	5,9
Technical trades and professions	17,9	0,3	1,6	40,5
Technical support professions	10,7	4,0	11,4	15,5
Accounting and administration and others	10,4	4,3	13,2	13,6
Clerical work, work in services and sales	22,4	27,0	34,4	12,1
Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	2,3	4,6	2,1	0,7
Craft and Related Trades Workers (1)	11,2	18,3	11,6	5,6
Machinery operation and assembly	7,6	13,3	8,5	2,6
Manual labour	12,9	25,6	12,7	3,1
Armed forces	0,6	0,4	1,0	0,5

⁽¹⁾ Except machinery operation and assembly. **Source**: Encuesta de Población Activa. INE.

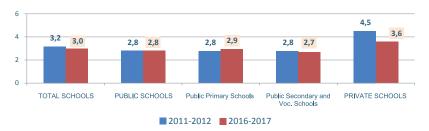
Relative hourly wage by educational attainment. 2017

	Total wage earners			Wage earners aged 25 to 34			
	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	
TOTAL	100,0	105,9	91,9	100,0	104,7	93,7	
Primary and lower education	61,0	64,9	51,6	62,6	66,5	50,6	
Lower secondary education	73,1	78,8	60,7	75,1	80,7	63,2	
Upper secondary education	84,0	93,9	69,6	81,1	94,0	63,2	
Tertiary education	125,1	137,1	112,9	120,9	127,4	114,3	

Source: Encuesta de Condiciones de Vida. INE.

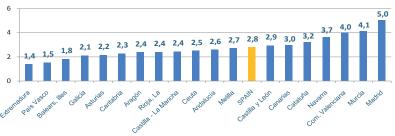
Information and communication technology in education

Average number of students per computer dedicated to teaching/learning work (1)



(1) They are considered computers dedicated preferably to teachers and to teaching with students.

Average number of students per computer ⁽¹⁾ in public schools, by autonomous community. 2016-2017 school year



(1) They are considered computers dedicated preferably to teachers and to teaching with students.

Percentage of schools with an Internet connection of more than 10 Mb of bandwidth

	2016-2017	2011-2012
TOTAL	69,5	13,1
PUBLIC SCHOOLS	65,0	10,3
Primary public schools	60,4	7,1
Secondary and vocational training public schools	77,1	19,0
PRIVATE SCHOOLS	84,1	22,7

Internet use by children aged 10 to 15 in the three months previous to the interview

	2018	2013
% Internet users	92,8	91,9
At school At home	67,8 88,1	64,1 81,0
Children aged 10 Children aged 15	85,6 98,7	86,4 94,1

Source: Encuesta sobre equipamiento y uso de tecnologías de información y comunicación en los hogares. INE

Foreign language learning programmes

The study of foreign languages as a subject

Percentage of students who study foreign languages. 2017-2018 school year

·	Total	English	French	Other Languages
First foreign language				
Early childhood ed. second stage	84,1	83,4	0,5	0,3
Primary education	100,0	99,1	0,6	0,3
Compulsory secondary education	100,0	98,3	1,3	0,4
Baccalaureate	96,6	94,6	1,6	0,4
Second foreign language				
Primary education	20,1	0,6	18,4	1,1
Compulsory secondary education	42,8	1,4	36,9	4,5
Baccalaureate	25,1	1,4	21,7	2,1

Use of foreign languages as teaching languages

Percentage of students who are experiencing the use of a foreign language as their teaching language. 2017-2018 school year

	content	d learning of and foreign uage ⁽¹⁾	Other experiences (2)		Foreign schools	
	Primary education	Compulsory secondary education	Primary education	Compulsory secondary education	Primary education	Compulsory secondary education
TOTAL	33,2	23,8	4,2	3,4	1,4	1,2
Andalucía	34,5	33,4	0,0	0,0	1,0	0,9
Aragón	46,8	20,0	9,2	1,8	0,0	0,0
Asturias, Principado de	51,8	35,0	0,8	0,3	0,7	0,5
Balears, Illes	0,2	0,9	10,9	7,7	2,0	1,8
Canarias	45,7	22,0	1,6	1,4	2,7	2,2
Cantabria	30,9	23,2	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
Castilla y León	53,4	29,6	4,2	3,0	0,1	0,1
Castilla-La Mancha	38,7	23,6	3,7	0,6	0,0	0,0
Cataluña					1,3	1,2
Comunitat Valenciana	1,9	1,3	6,2	6,4	2,9	2,9
Extremadura	28,8	28,1	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Galicia	30,4	12,8	17,6	11,9	0,3	0,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	45,8	32,0	3,6	3,4	2,7	2,3
Murcia, Región de	50,8	34,7	0,9	1,1	0,8	0,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	29,7	3,0	0,0	17,8	0,2	0,1
País Vasco	25,9	25,7	5,6	5,8	0,8	0,7
Rioja, La	8,2	5,1	34,1	23,8	0,0	0,0
Ceuta	7,7	2,2	5,3	2,6	0,0	0,0
Melilla	21,8	7,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

⁽¹⁾This includes the range of programmes that guarantee teaching of this type in every grade of each stage of compulsory education (primary school and/or compulsory secondary school) at least and may also include second stage of early childhood education and/or post-compulsory education.

⁽²⁾ This includes experiences that include the use of a foreign language as the teaching language for one or more areas or subjects other than foreign language class, as a means of gaining a deeper knowledge of the foreign language. These experiences are not generally oriented toward continuing throughout every grade of the compulsory stages and may sometimes even depend on the availability of teaching staff who can participate at the school.

International mobility in education

European Programs

Erasmus+ Programme: Participants and mobility. Call 2019 (1)

	Projects	Participating staffin mobility	Participating students in mobility	Total amount (thousand euros)
SCHOOL EDUCATION (2)	1.466	10.185	19.236	42.297,5
Staff mobility (key action 1)	504	4.572	-	8.971,7
Strategic partnerships between schools (key action 2) ⁽³⁾	918	5.613	19.236	25.433,6
Strategic partnerships toward Primary Education (key action 2)	44	-	-	7.892,2
VOCATIONAL TRAINING (4)	539	2.210	8.769	41.299,7
Staff and students mobility (key action 1)	493	1.771	8.464	33.413,9
Strategic partnerships toward Vocational Training (key action 2)	46	439	305	7.885,7
HIGHER EDUCATION (5)	1.200 ⁽⁹⁾	10.177	54.586	134.012,3
Student mobility for studies between programme countries ⁽⁶⁾ (key action 1)	221	-	38.745	78.234,1
Student mobility for traineeships between programme countries ⁽⁶⁾ (key action 1)	977	-	12.562	16.829,3
Staff mobility for teaching between programme countries (key action 1)	262	3.255	_	3.387,1
Staff mobility for training between programme countries (key action 1)	822	3.450	-	3.643,6
Student mobility for studies between programme and partner countries ⁽⁷⁾ (key action 1)	71	-	3.163	15.296,7
Student mobility for traineeships between programme and partner countries ⁽⁷⁾ (key action 1)	17	-	116	411,6
Staff mobility for teaching between programme and partner countries ⁽⁷⁾ (key action 1)	73	2.049	-	4.694,8
Staff mobility for training between programme and partner countries ⁽⁷⁾ (key action 1)	85	1.423	-	3.241,6
Strategic partnerships in the field of Higher Education(key action 2)	31	-	-	8.273,5
ADULT EDUCATION	149	863	-	8.805,9
Staff mobility (key action 1)	102	863	-	1.693,3
Strategic partnerships toward Adult Education ⁽⁸⁾ (key action 2)	47	-	-	7.112,6
TOTAL	2.154	23.435	63.355	226.415,4

- (1) Provisional data from the initial allocation of funds for the call 2019.
- (2) Organizations and individuals from the countries of the Program in the field of early childhood, primary and secondary education can take part.
- (3) Estimated values, pending resolution of the process at European level.
- (4) Organizations and individuals from the countries of the Program in the field of basic and intermediate vocational training can participate.
- (5) Organizations and individuals from all over the world in the field of advanced vocational training, university education and advanced arts can take part.
- (6) It includes MCIU co-funding amounting to 29 million euros.
- (7) It includes MCIU co-funding amounting to 1 million euros (Latin America region).
- (8) Organizations and individuals from the countries of the Program in the field of adult education can take part.
- (9) Total is not the sum of the different actions, since one institution (project) can take part in more than one action.

Note: See the programme definitions in the Explanatory Notes.

Source: Servicio Español para la Internacionalización de la Educación (SEPIE). Ministerio de Ciencia, Innovación y Universidades

Explanatory Notes

- The sources of data used in this publication are explained below:
- Most of the information in "Students", "Teachers", "Schools", "Levels of education" and
 "Information and communication technology in education" is drawn from statistics
 on non-university education prepared by the Unit of Statistics and Studies (General
 Technical Secretariat- MEFP) under a statistical cooperation framework with the auto nomous communities through the Education Sector Conference. Data are generally
 drawn from the definitive results of several school years, the 2018-2019 data are preli minary and 2019-2020 are estimates. These statistical sources are not expressly cited
 in the tables presented here.
- The rest of the sources used are mentioned at footnotes, especially in "Investment in education", "The social dimension of education: scholarships and student aids", "Educational attainment, outcomes and returns", "Foreign language learning programmes" and "International educational mobility".
- ☼ Different school and calendar years are used in the sections of the publication, depending on the information available. Forecasts of the basic variables (students, schools and scholarships) for 2019-2020 have been made. For the rest of the information, the latest available statistical data have been used. For trends data, five and ten-year comparisons are generally presented, together with comparisons with the previous school year. Note that for the Statistics on Information and Communication Technology in Schools, the results of the 2016-2017 school year are maintained, since the following ones, corresponding to the 2018-2019 course, are not yet available.
- This publication does not take university education into account, except in sections concerning the education system as a whole (e.g. investment in education, scholarships and aid, data on population educational attainment level).
- Trends on "Public expenditure on education" are presented in two columns, with financial chapters included and excluded. Data excluding financial chapters leave out a spending component that introduces a high degree of fluctuation in the series that hampers analysis of the development of real expenditure on education and its associated indicators. It also enables the presentation of figures more in line with international indicators, since the international education statistics methodology shared by the OECD, Eurostat and UNESCO does not take into account the financial expenses that Spain classifies into chapters 3, 8 and 9 when recording public expenditure on education.
- Net enrolment rates are defined as the ratio between the number of students of a certain age or age group that is enrolled for the studies at issue and the total population of that age or age group. The following programmes from the Education System are included for the calculation of rates: non-university General Education System programmes, University education, Professional studies of Music and Dance (students aged 16 and over), Vocational training in Arts and Design, Higher studies in Arts and Design, Advanced training in Languages (students of 16 and more), Sport studies of the Specialised Education System and Initial and Secondary education for adult people. The source of population data is Cifras de Población of INE.
- Activity rates are defined as the percentage of the population aged 16 or over that meets the conditions for inclusion among employed or unemployed people. Unemployment

rates are defined as the percentage of active population that is not employed, seeking a job and available for working.

- Annual wage indexes are calculated considering the average annual wage of total population (men and women as a whole) to be equal to 100, and all other wages are expressed as ratio to this average.
- Educational activity conducted by the Ministry of Education and Vocational Training abroad (see page 7) is designed to address the needs of the Spanish population residing abroad and to promote and spread Spanish language and culture in other countries. This activity covers the following:
 - Schools owned by the Spanish government, whose objective is to provide services for Spanish people residing outside Spain and to extend Spanish language and culture and our education system in the countries where the schools are located.
 - Co-owned schools, where the Spanish government is one of the owners and an integrated curriculum is taught to students who obtain a double certificate.
 - Spanish sections in schools owned by other countries, where certain areas of learning from the Spanish education system are taught to Spanish and foreign students.
 - Spanish sections in European schools, where the regulated content of the schools' specific programme is taught in the Spanish language.
 - Spanish language and culture groups, which are specific programmes for the children
 of Spanish people residing abroad.
 - Schools under agreements enabling Latin-American and Spanish students residing
 outside Spain to obtain the academic certificates of their place of residence and Spanish academic certificates, by adding supplementary studies in Spanish language, Literature, and Geography and History. The teachers at these schools can also improve
 their own training and personal knowledge.
 - Bilingual sections in schools owned by other countries, where part of the curriculum is taught in Spanish and Spanish civilization and culture are included.
 - International Spanish Academies (ISA) in non-university schools in the United States
 and Canada that teach an integrated curriculum of language and content in which
 Spanish is the teaching language.
- International educational mobility section (see page 35) presents information from the Erasmus+ program (2014-2020). It is the European Union programme for education, training, youth and sport and is based on the principle that education, training and non-formal learning are key to job creation and improving European competitiveness. Actions managed from the national agencies in a decentralized way in the fields of education and training are the following (Call 2019):
 - Mobility of people based on learning (Key action 1):
 - Staff mobility, especially teachers, trainers and managers in all sectors of education and training (school education, vocational education and training, higher education and adult education).

Explanatory Notes

- Mobility of students of vocational training and higher education.
- Cooperation for innovation and exchange of good practices (Key action 2):
 - Strategic partnerships between organizations of education, training and other relevant actors.
- Some sections of this document also present data on the situation of education in Spain within the European framework, as published fundamentally by Eurostat and calculated using the international methodology.
- This information is presented using the education levels established in ISCED 2011 (International Standard Classification of Education 2011):
- · ISCED 0: Early childhood education
- ISCED 1: Primary education
- ISCED 2: Lower secondary education
- ISCED 3: Upper secondary education
- ISCED 4: Post-secondary non-tertiary education
- ISCED 5: Short-cycle tertiary education
- ISCED 6: Bachelor's or equivalent level
- ISCED 7: Master's or equivalent level
- ISCED 8: Doctoral or equivalent level
- The symbols used in this publication are:
- «..» Data not available.
- «-» Null value.
- «x» Data included under another heading.

Structure of the Spanish Education System

